

Ch-12 (Fundamental concepts and operations on Algebraic Expressions)

Ex-12 (A)

1. ii) $7x \times y^2 \times z^3 = 7xy^2z^3 \rightarrow$ Monomial

iii) $\frac{9x^3}{2} \rightarrow$ Monomial

v) $\frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{6} \rightarrow$ Binomial.

vii) $\frac{x^2 - 2y^2 + z^2}{3} = \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{2y^2}{3} + \frac{z^2}{3} \rightarrow$ Trinomial.

2. ii) πx^2 Numerical co-efficient = π ($\frac{22}{7}$)
 $= \frac{22}{7} x^2$ Literal " " = x^2 (Answer).

iii) $-\frac{3}{8} bcx$ Numerical co-efficient = $-\frac{3}{8}$
Literal " " = bcx (Answer)

v) $5a^2 \times b \div 2c$
 $= \frac{5a^2b}{2c}$ Numerical co-efficient = $\frac{5}{2}$
Literal " " = $\frac{a^2b}{c}$ (Answer)

3. iii) In $-\frac{3}{5} x^3 y^2 z$ co-efficient of $\frac{3}{5} xyz = -x^2 y$ (Answer)

iv) In $-\frac{3}{5} x^3 y^2 z$ " " " $-x^2 y = \frac{3}{5} xyz$ (Answer)

4. ii) $6a^2bc, 6ab^2c \rightarrow$ They are not like terms.

vi) $3xy^2p, -8py^2x \rightarrow$ Like Terms. (Answer)

5. iii) $z + \sqrt{z}$
 $= z + (z)^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow$ Not a polynomial, as power of the variable is fraction.

iv) $x - \frac{1}{x}$
 $= x - (x)^{-1} \rightarrow$ Not a polynomial, as power of variable is negative number.

vii) $x^2 + y^2 + xy + x^2y^2 \rightarrow$ It is a polynomial as power of all variables are positive integers.

ix) $x^2 + \sqrt{3}x + 5 \rightarrow$ It is a polynomial as power of all variables are positive integers.

xi) $6x^2\sqrt{y} - 3xy + 5$
 $= 6x^2(y)^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3xy + 5 \rightarrow$ Not a polynomial as power of variable is fraction.

6. vii) $1 - y - y^2 + 3y^5 \rightarrow$ Highest power of y is 5
 \therefore Degree = 5.

viii) $x^2 - \frac{x}{2} \rightarrow$ Highest power of x is 2.

\therefore Degree = 2

ix) $t^4 - t^3 + 2t - 3t^6 \rightarrow$ Highest power of $t = 6 \therefore$ Degree = 6

x) $5 \rightarrow$ Degree = 0 as there is no variable.

7. i) $xy + yz + zx + 3xyz \rightarrow \text{Degree} = 3$

ii) $a^5 - b^5 - 2a^3b^3 \rightarrow \text{Degree} = 6$

iii) $1 + 2x + 5x^2y + 6yz^2 \rightarrow \text{Degree} = 3$

8. ii) $x^3 - 8x^2 + 14x - 7$ [given, $x = -1$]
 $= (-1)^3 - 8(-1)^2 + 14(-1) - 7$
 $= -1 - 8 - 14 - 7 = -30$ (Answer)

10) Given, $x = 4, y = 3, z = -2$

ii) $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$
 $= (4)^3 + (3)^3 + (-2)^3 - 3 \times 4 \times 3 \times (-2)$
 $= 64 + 27 - 8 + 72 = 64 + 19 + 72$
 $= 155$ (Answer)

11. vi) $9p \times 6q + 5r$ is a trinomial. \Rightarrow False.

viii) $6x^2yz + 5xy^2z - 2xyz^2$ is a trinomial = True.

x) $9x \div 8y$ is a binomial \Rightarrow False.

End of Ex - 12(A)

$\frac{9x}{8y}$

Ex-12(B)

$$1. \text{ ii) } 5x^2y + (-3x^2y) + \frac{1}{2}x^2y + \frac{4}{5}x^2y$$

$$= 5x^2y - 3x^2y + \frac{1}{2}x^2y + \frac{4}{5}x^2y$$

$$= 2x^2y + \frac{1}{2}x^2y + \frac{4}{5}x^2y$$

$$= \frac{33}{10}x^2y \text{ (Answer)}$$

Rough

$$\frac{2}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= \frac{20+5+8}{10}$$

$$= \frac{33}{10}$$

$$2. \text{ iii) Subtract } -3a^2b \text{ from } 2a^2b$$

$$= 2a^2b - (-3a^2b)$$

$$= 2a^2b + 3a^2b$$

$$= 5a^2b \text{ (Answer)}$$

$$\text{iv) Subtract } -5xy^2 \text{ from } -3xy^2$$

$$-3xy^2 - (-5xy^2)$$

$$= -3xy^2 + 5xy^2$$

$$= 2xy^2 \text{ (Answer)}$$

$$3. \text{ iii) } 2p + 3r + 4q + 7r + 3p - 2q + q - r - p + 5p + 4q - 8r$$

$$= (2p + 3p + 5p - p) + (3r + 7r - r - 8r) + (4q + q + 4q - 2q)$$

$$= 9p + r + 7q \text{ (Answer)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \text{ v)} & 1 - x - x^2 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x^3 + 3 + x^2 + 5x - 2 + x^3 - x^2 - 3x \\
 & = (-3x^3 + x^3 + x^3) + (-x^2 + 2x^2 + x^2 - x^2) + (-x + 5x - 3x) + (1 + 3 - 2) \\
 & = -x^3 + x^2 + x + 2 \\
 & = 2 + x + x^2 - x^3 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{vii)} & 3 + 5y - 4y^2 + 7y^3 - 7 + 2y + 3y^3 + 5 - 6y - 9y^3 + 2y^2 \\
 & = (7y^3 + 3y^3 - 9y^3) + (-4y^2 + 2y^2) + (5y + 2y - 6y) + (3 - 7 + 5) \\
 & = y^3 - 2y^2 + y + 1 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \text{ iv)} & (x^2 - 2x + 8) - (5x^2 + x - 11) \\
 & = x^2 - 2x + 8 - 5x^2 - x + 11 \\
 & = x^2 - 5x^2 - 2x - x + 8 + 11 \\
 & = -4x^2 - 3x + 19 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \text{ vi)} & (3x^2y - 2x^3 + y^3 - 5xy^2) - (7x^3 - 6x^2y + 9xy^2 - 2y^3) \\
 & = 3x^2y - 2x^3 + y^3 - 5xy^2 - 7x^3 + 6x^2y - 9xy^2 + 2y^3 \\
 & = 3x^2y + 6x^2y - 2x^3 - 7x^3 + y^3 + 2y^3 - 5xy^2 - 9xy^2 \\
 & = 9x^2y - 9x^3 + 3y^3 - 14xy^2 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
5. & (9x^2 - 8xy + 11y^2) - \{(4x^2 + 7xy + 3y^2 + 1) + (2x^2 - 5xy - 2y^2 + 8)\} \\
&= (9x^2 - 8xy + 11y^2) - (4x^2 + 2x^2 + 7xy - 5xy + 3y^2 - 2y^2 + 1 + 8) \\
&= (9x^2 - 8xy + 11y^2) - (6x^2 + 2xy + y^2 + 9) \\
&= 9x^2 - 8xy + 11y^2 - 6x^2 - 2xy - y^2 - 9 \\
&= 9x^2 - 6x^2 - 8xy - 2xy + 11y^2 - y^2 - 9 \\
&= 3x^2 - 10xy + 10y^2 - 9 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
6. \text{ Required Number} &= (3x^2 - 2x + 6) - (2x^2 + 6x - 5) \\
&= 3x^2 - 2x + 6 - 2x^2 - 6x + 5 \\
&= 3x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x - 6x + 6 + 5 \\
&= x^2 - 8x + 11 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
8. \text{ Required Number} &= (3x^2y - 2xy^2 + 7x - 2y) - (7xy^2 - 5x^2y - 3x + 3y) \\
&= 3x^2y - 2xy^2 + 7x - 2y - 7xy^2 + 5x^2y + 3x - 3y \\
&= 3x^2y + 5x^2y - 2xy^2 - 7xy^2 + 7x + 3x - 2y - 3y \\
&= 8x^2y - 9xy^2 + 10x - 5y \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 9. \text{ Required Number} &= (a^{\cancel{2}} + b^{\cancel{2}} + c^{\cancel{2}} - 3abc) - (2a^{\cancel{2}} - b^{\cancel{2}} - 3c^{\cancel{2}} + abc) \\
 &= a^{\cancel{2}} + b^{\cancel{2}} + c^{\cancel{2}} - 3abc - 2a^{\cancel{2}} + b^{\cancel{2}} + 3c^{\cancel{2}} - abc \\
 &= a^{\cancel{2}} - 2a^{\cancel{2}} + b^{\cancel{2}} + b^{\cancel{2}} + c^{\cancel{2}} + 3c^{\cancel{2}} - 3abc - abc \\
 &= -a^{\cancel{2}} + 2b^{\cancel{2}} + 4c^{\cancel{2}} - 4abc \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

End of Ex - 12 (B)

Ex - 12 (C)

$$1. \text{ iii) } 7x^{\cancel{2}}y^{\cancel{3}} \times (-4x^{\cancel{3}}y)$$

$$= (-4 \times 7)x^{\cancel{2} + \cancel{3}}y^{\cancel{3} + 1}$$

$$= -28x^{\cancel{5}}y^{\cancel{4}} \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}$$

$$1. \text{ vi) } \left(-\frac{5}{8}P^{\cancel{2}}Q^{\cancel{1}}\right) \times \left(\frac{16}{25}PQ^{\cancel{2}}\right)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{\cancel{5}}{\cancel{8}} \times \frac{16}{\cancel{25}}\right) P^{\cancel{2} + 1} Q^{\cancel{1} + 2}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{5}P^{\cancel{3}}Q^{\cancel{3}} \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}$$

$$2. \text{ iii) } (3x^2y - 2xy^2 + 5xy - 6) \times 4xy$$

$$= (3x^2y \times 4xy) - (2xy^2 \times 4xy) + (5xy \times 4xy) - (6 \times 4xy)$$

$$= 12x^3y^2 - 8x^2y^3 + 20x^2y^2 - 24xy \quad \underline{\text{(Ans)}}$$

$$2. \text{ iv) } (7a^3 - 5ab^2 - 2b^3 + 3ab + 2a - 5) \times -3ab^2$$

$$= -(7a^3 \times 3ab^2) + (5ab^2 \times 3ab^2) + (2b^3 \times 3ab^2)$$

$$- (3ab \times 3ab^2) - (2a \times 3ab^2) + (5 \times 3ab^2)$$

$$= -21a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + 6ab^5 - 9a^2b^3 - 6a^2b^2$$

$$+ 15ab^2$$

(Answer)

$$3. \text{ iii) } (y-4)(y-6)$$

$$= y(y-6) - 4(y-6)$$

$$= y^2 - 6y - 4y + 24$$

$$= y^2 - 10y + 24 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \text{ vi)} & (5x+4y)(2x-3y) \\
 & = 5x(2x-3y) + 4y(2x-3y) \\
 & = 10x^2 - 15xy + 8xy - 12y^2 \\
 & = 10x^2 - 7xy - 12y^2 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \text{ ii)} & (3-2x+5x^2) \times (5x-4) \\
 & = 5x(3-2x+5x^2) - 4(3-2x+5x^2) \\
 & = 15x - 10x^2 + 25x^3 - 12 + 8x - 20x^2 \\
 & = 25x^3 - 10x^2 - 20x^2 + 15x + 8x - 12 \\
 & = 25x^3 - 30x^2 + 23x - 12 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \text{ iv)} & (4x^2+xy+9y^2) \times (2x-3y) \\
 & = 2x(4x^2+xy+9y^2) - 3y(4x^2+xy+9y^2) \\
 & = 8x^3 + 2x^2y + 18xy^2 - 12x^2y - 3xy^2 - 27y^3 \\
 & = 8x^3 + 2x^2y - 12x^2y + 18xy^2 - 3xy^2 - 27y^3 \\
 & = 8x^3 - 10x^2y + 15xy^2 - 27y^3 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. \quad ii) & (3x^2 + 4x - 5) \times (4x^2 - 7x + 2) \\
 &= 4x^2(3x^2 + 4x - 5) - 7x(3x^2 + 4x - 5) + 2(3x^2 + 4x - 5) \\
 &= 12x^4 + 16x^3 - 20x^2 - 21x^3 - 28x^2 + 35x + 6x^2 + 8x - 10 \\
 &= 12x^4 + 16x^3 - 21x^3 - 20x^2 - 28x^2 + 6x^2 + 35x + 8x - 10 \\
 &= 12x^4 - 5x^3 - 42x^2 + 43x - 10 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. \quad iv) & (6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 1) \times (x^2 + 7x - 1) \\
 &= x^2(6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 1) + 7x(6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 1) - 1(6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 1) \\
 &= 6x^5 - 5x^4 + 4x^3 + x^2 + 42x^4 - 35x^3 + 28x^2 + 7x - 6x^3 + 5x^2 - 4x + 1 \\
 &= 6x^5 - 5x^4 + 42x^4 + 4x^3 - 35x^3 - 6x^3 + x^2 + 28x^2 + 5x^2 + 7x - 4x + 1 \\
 &= 6x^5 + 37x^4 - 37x^3 + 34x^2 + 3x + 1 \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 vi) & (3x^5 - 7x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 4) \times (x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) \\
 &= 3x^5(x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) - 7x^3(x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) + 2x^2(x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) \\
 &\quad - 1(x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) + 4(x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1) \\
 &= 3x^8 - 6x^7 + 9x^6 - 3x^5 - 7x^6 + 14x^5 - 21x^4 + 7x^3 \\
 &\quad + 2x^5 - 4x^4 + 6x^3 - 2x^2 - x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 4x^3 \\
 &\quad - 8x^2 + 12x - 4 \\
 &= 3x^8 - 6x^7 + 9x^6 - 7x^6 - 3x^5 + 14x^5 + 2x^5 - 21x^4 - 4x^4 \\
 &\quad - x^4 + 7x^3 + 6x^3 + 2x^3 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x^2 - 8x^2 + x + 12x - 4 \\
 &= 3x^8 - 6x^7 + 2x^6 + 13x^5 - 26x^4 + 19x^3 - 13x^2 + 13x - 4 \quad \underline{\text{(Ans)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex - 12 (D)

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad \text{iii)} & \frac{+\frac{3}{4} x^2 y z^3}{+\frac{2}{3} x^2 y z} \\ & = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{2} z^{3-1} \\ & = \frac{9z^2}{8} \quad \text{(Answer)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad \text{iv)} & \frac{63 a^4 b^3 c^6}{-14 a^2 b^5 c^4} \\ & = -\frac{63}{14} a^{4-2} b^{3-5} c^{6-4} \\ & = -\frac{9}{2} a^2 b^{-2} c^2 \\ & = \frac{-9 a^2 c^2}{2 b^2} \quad \text{(Answer)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad \text{iii)} & (14x^3y^4 - 7x^4y^3 - 28x^3y^6) \div (-7x^3y^2) \\ & = \frac{14x^3y^4 - 7x^4y^3 - 28x^3y^6}{-7x^3y^2} \\ & = \frac{14x^3y^4}{-7x^3y^2} + \frac{-7x^4y^3}{-7x^3y^2} + \frac{-28x^3y^6}{-7x^3y^2} \\ & = -2y^{4-2} + x^{4-3}y^{3-2} + 4y^{6-2} \\ & = -2y^2 + xy + 4y^4 \quad \text{(Answer)} \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \quad \text{vi)} \quad \frac{1}{2} p^m q^3 - \frac{5}{8} p^3 q^2 + \frac{1}{4} p^3 q^3$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} p^m q^2$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} p^m q^3}{-\frac{1}{4} p^m q^2} + \frac{\frac{5}{8} p^3 q^2}{+\frac{1}{4} p^m q^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} p^3 q^3}{-\frac{1}{4} p^m q^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \left(-\frac{4}{1}\right) q^{3-2} + \left(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{4}{1}\right) p^{3-2} - p^{3-2} q^{3-2}$$

$$= -2q + \frac{5}{2} p - pq \quad \underline{\text{(Answer)}}$$

$$3. \quad \text{iv)} \quad \begin{array}{r} x^3 - 9x^2 + 26x - 24 \\ x^3 - 4x^2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} x^2 - 5x + 6 \\ x^2 - 5x + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-5x^2 + 26x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) -5x^2 + 20x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$6x - 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (-) 6x - 24 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\text{Answer}} \rightarrow x^2 - 5x + 6$$

(Answer)

$$3. \quad \text{v)} \quad \begin{array}{r} x-y \quad x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - y^3 \\ (-) x^3 \quad (+) x^2y \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} x^2 - 2xy + y^2 \\ x^2 - 2xy + y^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-2x^2y + 3xy^2 - y^3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) -2x^2y + 2xy^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\text{Answer}} \rightarrow x^2 - 2xy + y^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} xy^2 - y^3 \\ (-) xy^2 \quad (-) y^3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. iii)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x-7 \overline{) 6x^3 + x^2 - 26x - 21} \quad (2x^2 + 5x + 3) \\
 \underline{(-) 6x^3 \quad (+) 14x^2} \\
 15x^2 - 26x - 21 \\
 \underline{(-) 15x^2 \quad (+) 35x} \\
 9x - 21 \\
 \underline{(-) 9x \quad (+) 21} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

Answer: $2x^2 + 5x + 3$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{iv)} \quad 3x+4y \overline{) 12x^2 + 7xy - 12y^2} \quad (4x - 3y) \\
 \underline{(-) 12x^2 \quad (+) 16xy} \\
 -9xy - 12y^2 \\
 \underline{(-) 9xy \quad (+) 12y^2} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

Answer = $4x - 3y$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{5. ii)} \quad x^2-5x+6 \overline{) x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6} \quad (x-1) \\
 \underline{(-) x^3 \quad (+) 5x^2 \quad (-) 6x} \\
 -x^2 + 5x - 6 \\
 \underline{(-) x^2 \quad (+) 5x \quad (-) 6} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

Answer: $(x-1)$

8. iv)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2x^2 - 6 \big) 6x^5 - 28x^3 + 3x^2 + 30x - 9 \left(3x^3 - 5x + \frac{3}{2} \right. \\
 \underline{6x^5} \\
 (-) \\
 \hline
 -10x^3 + 3x^2 + 30x - 9 \\
 \underline{-10x^3} \\
 (+) \\
 \hline
 3x^2 - 9 \\
 (-) 3x^2 - 9 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

∴ Answer = $3x^3 - 5x + \frac{3}{2}$

6. iv)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^2 - 2 \big) x^6 - 8 \left(x^4 + 2x^2 + 4 \right. \\
 \underline{x^6 - 2x^4} \\
 (-) \\
 \hline
 2x^4 - 8 \\
 2x^4 - 4x^2 \\
 \hline
 (-) \\
 \hline
 4x^2 - 8 \\
 (-) 4x^2 - 8 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

Answer = $x^4 + 2x^2 + 4$

$$6. \quad \begin{array}{r} \vee \rightarrow x-y \big) x^6 - y^6 \\ \underline{x^6 - x^5y} \\ x^5y - y^6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^5y - y^6 \\ \underline{ x^5y - x^4y^2} \\ - y^6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - y^6 \\ \underline{ - x^3y^3} \\ x^3y^3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3y^3 \\ \underline{ x^3y^3 - x^2y^4} \\ - x^2y^4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - x^2y^4 \\ \underline{ - xy^5} \\ xy^5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} xy^5 \\ \underline{ xy^5 - y^6} \\ - y^6 \end{array}$$

x

$$\underline{\text{Answer}} = x^5 + x^4y + x^3y^2 + x^2y^3 + xy^4 + y^5$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7. \text{ ii) } x^3 - x + 6 \bigg) 2x^4 - x^3 + 10x^2 + 8x - 5 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \cancel{2x^4} \\ 2x^2 + x - 1 \end{array} \right) \\
 \underline{\begin{array}{r} (-) \quad (+) \quad (-) \\ 2x^4 - 2x^3 + 12x^2 \end{array}} \\
 x^3 - 2x^2 + 8x - 5 \\
 \underline{\begin{array}{r} (-) \quad (+) \quad (-) \\ x^3 - x^2 + 6x \end{array}} \\
 -x^2 + 2x - 5 \\
 \underline{\begin{array}{r} (+) \quad (-) \quad (+) \\ -x^2 + x - 6 \end{array}} \\
 x + 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Quotient} = 2x^2 + x - 1$$

$$\text{Remainder} = x + 1$$

(Answer)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7. \text{ iv) } x^3 + 1 \bigg) x^6 + 3x^2 + 10 \quad (x^3 - 1) \\
 \underline{\begin{array}{r} (-) \quad (-) \\ x^6 + x^3 \end{array}} \\
 -x^3 + 3x^2 + 10 \\
 \underline{\begin{array}{r} (+) \quad (+) \\ -x^3 - 1 \end{array}} \\
 3x^2 + 11
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Quotient} = x^3 - 1$$

$$\text{Remainder} = 3x^2 + 11$$

(Answer)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2a^2 - a + 3 \overline{) 6a^5 - a^4 + 4a^3 - 5a^2 - a - 15} \\
 \underline{6a^5 - 3a^4 + 9a^3} \\
 2a^4 - 5a^3 - 5a^2 - a - 15 \\
 \underline{2a^4 - a^3 + 3a^2} \\
 -4a^3 - 8a^2 - a - 15 \\
 \underline{-4a^3 + 2a^2 - 6a} \\
 -10a^2 + 5a - 15 \\
 \underline{-10a^2 + 5a - 15} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

As, $(6a^5 - a^4 + 4a^3 - 5a^2 - a - 15)$ is exactly divisible by $(2a^2 - a + 3)$, $\therefore (2a^2 - a + 3)$ is a factor of $(6a^5 - a^4 + 4a^3 - 5a^2 - a - 15)$

10) Perimeter of Quadrilateral = Sum of four sides

$$= (2x - 3y) + (7x + y) + (x + 12y) + (3y - 4x)$$

$$= 2x - 3y + 7x + y + x + 12y + 3y - 4x$$

$$= 2x + 7x + x - 4x + y + 12y + 3y - 3y$$

$$= (6x + 13y) \text{ units (Answer)}$$

$$12) \text{ Length of rectangle} = (a + 5b) \text{ units}$$

$$\text{Breadth of rectangle} = (7a - b) \text{ units}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Perimeter of rectangle} &= 2(l + b) \\ &= 2(a + 5b + 7a - b) \\ &= 2(8a + 4b) \\ &= (16a + 8b) \text{ units.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now Perimeter of Square} &= \text{Perimeter of rectangle} \\ &= (16a + 8b) \text{ units} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{Each side of Square} = \frac{16a + 8b}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4(4a + 2b)}{4} = (4a + 2b) \text{ units}$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of Square} = \text{side} \times \text{side}$$

$$= (4a + 2b) \times (4a + 2b)$$

$$= (4a + 2b)^2$$

$$= 16a^2 + 2 \times 4a \times 2b + 4b^2$$

$$= (16a^2 + 16ab + 4b^2) \text{ unit}^2$$

$$\text{Area of rectangle} = \text{length} \times \text{breadth}$$

$$= (a + 5b) \times (7a - b)$$

$$= 7a(a + 5b) - b(a + 5b) = 7a^2 + 35ab - ab - 5b^2$$

$$= 7a^2 + 34ab - 5b^2$$

Difference of Area between square and rectangle

$$= (16a^2 + 16ab + 4b^2) - (7a^2 + 34ab + 5b^2)$$

$$= 16a^2 + 16ab + 4b^2 - 7a^2 - 34ab + 5b^2$$

$$= 16a^2 - 7a^2 + 16ab - 34ab + 4b^2 + 5b^2$$

$$= (9a^2 - 18ab + 9b^2) \text{ unit}^2 \text{ (Answer)}$$

15) Product of $(2x-3)$ and (x^2-2x+2)

$$= (2x-3) \times (x^2-2x+2)$$

$$= 2x(x^2-2x+2) - 3(x^2-2x+2)$$

$$= 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x - 3x^2 + 6x - 6$$

$$= 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x^2 + 4x + 6x - 6$$

$$= 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x - 6$$

Now

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x - 6 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} 6x^4 - 13x^3 + 2x^2 + 22x - 24 \\ \underline{(-) 6x^4 + 21x^3 + 30x^2 - 18x} \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 3x+4 \\ \underline{(-) 6x^4 - 13x^3 + 2x^2 + 22x - 24} \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$8x^3 - 28x^2 + 40x - 24$$

$$8x^3 - 28x^2 + 40x - 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{(-) \quad (+) \quad (-) \quad (+)} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Answer} = (3x+4)$$

End of Ex — 12 (D)